

ART Policy

Reviewed September 2025



The Stour Academy Trust

Vision

The Cornerstones vision for art education fosters creativity and expression, encouraging pupils to explore their individuality through various artistic mediums. By promoting experimentation with materials and techniques, we help pupils develop their unique artistic styles.

Our curriculum emphasises interdisciplinary connections, integrating art with subjects like history, science, and literature, which enriches the learning experience and highlights the relevance of art. We enhance cultural awareness by exposing pupils to diverse artistic traditions, allowing them to appreciate art's role in shaping cultural identity.

Critical thinking is integral to our approach, as pupils evaluate their own work and that of others, gaining a deeper understanding of artistic processes. Studying significant artists and their historical contexts further enriches this understanding.

Skill development is a cornerstone of our curriculum, focusing on techniques in drawing, painting, sculpture, and digital media. Pupils maintain sketchbooks or portfolios to document their artistic journeys and showcase their work.

We are committed to inclusive learning, recognising the diverse needs of all pupils, including those with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND). Our curriculum celebrates diversity in art, encouraging pupils to explore and express their cultural heritage through their creative endeavours.

Intent

1. Fostering Creativity and Innovation:

- Encourage pupils to think outside the box and develop their unique artistic voice through various mediums and techniques.
- Provide opportunities for experimentation with different materials and processes, allowing pupils to discover their preferences and strengths.

2. Building Technical Skills:

- Equip pupils with a solid foundation in essential artistic skills, including drawing, painting, sculpture, printmaking, and digital art.
- Introduce pupils to various artistic techniques and styles, ensuring they understand the historical and contemporary context of the art they create.

3. Enhancing Critical Thinking and Reflection:

- Promote critical evaluation of both their own work and the work of others, enabling pupils to articulate their thoughts and feelings about art.
- Encourage reflective practises through discussion, self-assessment, and peer feedback, fostering a growth mindset.

4. Promoting Collaboration and Communication:

- Design projects that require teamwork and collaboration, allowing pupils to learn from one another and share ideas.
- Encourage open dialogue about artistic processes and outcomes, enhancing pupils' ability to communicate their thoughts and interpretations effectively.

5. Supporting Personal and Social Development:

- Recognise the role of art in promoting well-being and emotional expression, providing a safe space for pupils to explore their feelings and experiences.
- Encourage pupils to engage with their community through art exhibitions, projects, and collaborations, fostering a sense of belonging and responsibility.



Implementation

Curriculum design

1. Rationale and Objectives

- **Clear Rationale:** Our Art curriculum will be developed with a clear rationale that reflects the school's vision and values, emphasising creativity, critical thinking, and personal expression. It will align with national curriculum requirements while also considering the specific needs and interests of our pupils.
- **Curricular Objectives:** Each unit of study will have specific objectives that focus on essential concepts, skills, and knowledge that pupils are expected to master by the end of the term.

2. Curriculum Structure

- **Thematic Units:** The Art curriculum will be organised into thematic units that integrate various artistic techniques, historical contexts, and cultural influences. Each unit will be carefully sequenced to build on prior knowledge and scaffold learning effectively.
- **Key Concepts:** Each unit will focus on key concepts that underpin artistic practice, such as colour theory, composition, and the elements of art. These concepts will be revisited throughout the curriculum to reinforce understanding and facilitate the development of complex mental models.

Mixed Age planning

Broad and Balanced Curriculum offer

Our approach to mixed-age planning in Art is designed to ensure that all pupils, irrespective of their year group, receive a coherent and comprehensive art education that meets the National Curriculum (NC) objectives for Years 1/2, 3/4, and 5/6. This planning supports both horizontal progression—deepening skills and understanding within the same NC phase—and vertical progression—building complexity and breadth across phases—while maintaining engagement and inclusivity.

Key Principles for Mixed-Age Art Planning.

1. Curriculum Mapping to NC Phases

- Art units from the Cornerstones curriculum are mapped explicitly to the NC objectives for Years 1/2, 3/4, and 5/6.
- Teachers identify which objectives are core for each phase and plan activities that allow pupils to achieve these objectives at an appropriate level of challenge.

2. Horizontal Progression within Phases

- **Pupils within the same NC phase engage with art content that revisits and deepens key concepts, such as exploring different media, techniques, and artistic styles.**
- **Lessons incorporate a balance of skill development and creative expression to build both technical and conceptual knowledge progressively, avoiding superficial coverage.**

3. Vertical Progression across Phases

- Planning ensures that pupils in mixed-age settings access art learning that reflects increasing complexity and sophistication as they move from Years 1/2 through to Years 5/6.
- Tasks are adapted to support younger pupils in mastering foundational skills while challenging older pupils with more complex projects that encourage critical thinking and personal interpretation.



3. Implementation Strategies

- **Sequencing of Learning:** Lessons will be sequenced to ensure continuity and progression, allowing pupils to build on their foundational knowledge before moving onto more complex ideas and techniques. This approach will help pupils connect new learning to existing knowledge, as emphasised in the Cornerstones framework.
- **Cross-Curricular Links:** Where appropriate, we will make cross-curricular links with other subjects to enhance pupils' understanding and application of artistic concepts. For instance, integrating elements of history or literature into art projects will foster a deeper appreciation for the context of artistic movements.

Cornerstones Lesson Resources

Using teaching resources from Cornerstones effectively involves strategic planning and implementation to enhance pupil engagement and learning outcomes. Here's a structured approach to maximise the impact of these resources:

1. Align Resources with Learning Objectives

- **Identify Goals:** Before selecting resources, clarify the specific learning objectives for the lesson or unit. Ensure that the resources directly support these goals.
- **Curriculum Mapping:** Utilise the Cornerstones curriculum maps to identify resources that are relevant to the current topic, ensuring coherence in teaching.

2. Adaptation

- **Tailored Tasks:** Select resources that cater to the diverse learning needs of the children. Cornerstones often provides multiple versions of resources, allowing you to choose those that best meet the needs of all pupils, including those with SEND.
- **Flexible Grouping:** Implement resources in small groups or pairs, enabling pupils to collaborate and support each other.

3. Integrate Resources into Lesson Planning

- **Structured Activities:** Plan how and when to incorporate resources into your lessons. For example, use them as guided practice following direct instruction or as independent practice to reinforce learning.
- **Contextual Relevance:** Introduce resources by connecting them to real-world applications or previous lessons. This helps pupils see the relevance of what they are learning.

4. Encourage Active Engagement

- **Interactive Elements:** Motivate pupils to actively engage with the resources. This could involve annotating, highlighting key points, or discussing answers with peers.
- **Hands-On Activities:** Pair resources with hands-on activities that allow pupils to apply what they've learned in a practical context. For instance, if a resource covers a scientific concept, follow it with an experiment.

5. Use Resources for Assessment

- **Formative Assessment:** Utilise resources as tools for formative assessment. Review completed resources to gauge pupils' understanding and identify areas needing further support.
- **Feedback Opportunities:** Provide timely feedback on resource tasks. Highlight strengths and areas for improvement, encouraging pupils to reflect on their learning.

6. Promote Reflection and Discussion

- **Class Discussion:** After completing resources, facilitate a class discussion to review answers and clarify misconceptions. This reinforces learning and promotes critical thinking.
- **Reflection Activities:** Encourage pupils to reflect on their learning process after completing resources. This could involve writing a brief summary of what they learned or discussing how they approached the tasks.



7. Monitor Progress and Adapt

- **Track Performance:** Keep records of pupils' performance on resources to monitor progress over time. This data can inform future planning and instruction.
- **Adapt Resources:** Be flexible in your approach. If a particular resource isn't resonating with pupils, consider adapting it or selecting a different resource that might be more effective.

Lesson Structure EYFS

1. Theme-Based Learning

- **Cornerstones Themes:** Art lessons will be integrated into the Cornerstones themes, ensuring that artistic concepts are explored within a broader context. Each theme will provide opportunities for pupils to investigate and learn about different art forms, materials, and creative expression.
- **Example Themes:** "The Enchanted Woodland," "The Magic Toymaker," and "Why Do We Love to be Rude?" will serve as contexts for artistic exploration.

2. Learning Objectives

- **Clear Objectives:** Each lesson will have specific, measurable learning objectives that focus on key artistic concepts such as understanding colours, textures, shapes, and the use of various materials.
- **Alignment with EYFS Framework:** Objectives will align with the Early Years Foundation Stage Framework, particularly the "Expressive Arts and Design" area of learning.

3. Engagement Activities

- **Hands-On Exploration:** Lessons will begin with engaging, hands-on activities that stimulate creativity. This may include outdoor art exploration, sensory play with different materials, and interactive demonstrations related to the theme.
- **Use of Resources:** Incorporate a variety of resources such as natural materials, art tools (e.g., paint, clay, and collage materials), and digital media to enhance learning experiences.

4. Vocabulary Development

- **Focus on Vocabulary:** Each lesson will introduce new artistic vocabulary relevant to the theme. Teachers will model language through storytelling, songs, and discussions, reinforcing understanding through repetition.
- **Visual Aids:** Use visual aids, such as word walls and picture cards, to support vocabulary acquisition and retention.

5. Investigative Learning

- **Enquiry-Based Approach:** Encourage pupils to ask questions and make predictions related to their artistic creations. Provide opportunities for them to experiment with different materials and techniques, record observations, and share their artistic processes.
- **Structured Investigations:** Use structured activities that guide pupils through the creative process, including planning, creating, and reflecting on their artwork.

6. Reflection and Assessment

- **Reflective Practises:** At the end of each lesson, pupils will engage in reflection activities, such as sharing what they created or discussing their artistic choices.
- **Informal Assessment:** Teachers will assess understanding through observation and discussions, ensuring that misconceptions are addressed and that all pupils are making progress in their artistic skills.

7. Inclusive Practises

- **Differentiated Activities:** Lessons will be tailored to meet the diverse needs of all pupils, including those with SEND. Differentiated tasks and support will be provided to ensure every pupil can engage meaningfully with the art curriculum.



- **Collaborative Learning:** Foster a collaborative learning environment where pupils can work together, share ideas, and support each other in their artistic explorations.

Lesson Structure Year 1

Introduction (10 minutes)

- **Engage:** Show pupils bright, colourful artwork and ask how the colours make them feel. Discuss feelings associated with colours (e.g., blue = sad, yellow = happy).
- **Explain:** Introduce the concept of primary colours (red, blue, yellow) and explain that these colours can be mixed to create new colours.

Main Activity (40 minutes)

- **Demonstration (10 minutes):**
 - Show how to mix two primary colours to create a secondary colour (e.g., red + yellow = orange).
 - Use a large piece of paper to demonstrate mixing colours, allowing pupils to see the process.
- **Practical Task (30 minutes):**
 - Pupils will create their own artwork using watercolours, focusing on using at least one primary and one secondary colour.
 - Encourage pupils to think about how they want their artwork to make others feel (e.g., happy, calm).
 - Walk around the classroom to offer support and encouragement as pupils paint.

Enhanced Provision Activities:

- **Texture Exploration:** Provide textured paper and natural materials (e.g., leaves, twigs) for pupils to incorporate into their artwork, enhancing their sensory experience and creativity.
- **Mood Collage:** Set up a collage station where pupils can cut and glue fabric scraps or other materials to create a mood board that represents different feelings using colour.
- **Art Gallery Walk:** Create a mini art gallery in the classroom where pupils can display their work. Encourage them to walk around and discuss their peers' artwork, focusing on the use of colour and mood.

Plenary (10 minutes)

- **Share:** Invite pupils to share their artwork with the class, describing the colours they used and how those colours make them feel.
- **Reflect:** Discuss as a class how different colours can show different feelings and how they can use this in their future artwork.

Assessment:

- **Formative Assessment:** Observe pupils during the practical task, providing encouragement and feedback on their colour choices and mixing techniques.
- **Summative Assessment:** Evaluate the final artwork based on creativity and the use of colours to express feelings.

Adaptation Strategies:

- For Advanced Learners: Encourage them to mix more than two colours and create a pattern or design, allowing for greater complexity in their artwork.
- For Struggling Learners: Provide pre-mixed colours and templates to help them focus on applying colour rather than mixing.
- For Pupils with SEND: Work closely with the SENCO to identify specific needs and provide additional support, such as using assistive technology or tailored resources.

Extension Activities:

- Create a class colour chart displaying the primary and secondary colours created by pupils.



- Explore the work of a children's book illustrator and create a piece inspired by their style.

Lesson Structure Year 2 – 6

Below is a structured framework for teaching Art using the Cornerstones Curriculum, focusing on engagement, skill development, and critical thinking. Each lesson is designed to last approximately 60 minutes, with specific timings for each component:

1. Learning Objectives (5 minutes)

- **Clear Goals:** Begin the lesson by presenting specific learning objectives that outline what pupils should know and be able to do by the end of the lesson. Communicate these objectives clearly to set expectations and motivate pupils.

2. Introduction (Engage) (10 minutes)

- **Hook Activity:** Start with an engaging question, artefact, or demonstration that captures pupils' interest. This could involve showcasing a piece of artwork, a design project, or a thought-provoking theme related to both Art and Design Technology (DT).
- **Activate Prior Knowledge:** Encourage pupils to share what they already know about the topic or techniques. This helps to connect new learning to existing knowledge and prepares them for deeper exploration.

3. Direct Instruction (Explain) (15 minutes)

- **Clear Explanations:** Provide concise and clear explanations about the specific techniques or concepts being taught. Use visual aids, exemplars, or demonstrations to illustrate key points and ensure pupils understand the expected outcomes.
- **Model Techniques:** Demonstrate artistic techniques or processes, making abstract ideas concrete and accessible. For example, show how to create texture in a painting or the steps involved in a design process.

4. Main Activity (Explore & Create) (20 minutes)

- **Hands-on Creation:** Allow pupils to engage in hands-on exploration and creation of their own artwork or design projects. Encourage them to apply the techniques demonstrated during direct instruction.
- **Guided Practice:** Circulate around the classroom, providing support and guidance as pupils work. Use formative assessment to monitor progress and offer constructive feedback.
- **Pupil Choice:** As pupils gain confidence, provide opportunities for them to make choices about their themes, materials, and methods, fostering a sense of ownership in their learning.

5. Reflection (Evaluate) (5 minutes)

- **Class Discussion:** Facilitate a reflective discussion where pupils share their creations and the processes they used. Encourage them to articulate their thoughts about what worked well and what they found challenging.
- **Peer Feedback:** Promote a culture of respect and constructive criticism by allowing pupils to give and receive feedback on each other's work.

6. Assessment & Closing (5 minutes)

- **Constructive Feedback:** Provide individual feedback, highlighting strengths and areas for improvement. Set targets for future work to encourage continuous development.
- **Wrap-up:** Reinforce the learning objectives and connect the lesson to upcoming topics or projects. Encourage pupils to think about how they can apply what they learned in future lessons.

Key Questions:



- How do we ensure that each lesson aligns with the Cornerstones Curriculum while meeting the needs of all pupils?
- What strategies can we use to engage pupils effectively from the beginning of each lesson?
- How will we assess pupil understanding and provide targeted feedback throughout the lesson?

Impact

The implementation of this structured framework for teaching Art at The Stour Academy Trust is designed to have a profound impact on pupils' learning experiences and outcomes. By clearly defining learning objectives, engaging pupils with thought-provoking activities, and providing direct instruction in artistic techniques, we aim to foster a deep understanding of Art and Design Technology. The hands-on creation process allows pupils to develop their skills while also encouraging creativity and personal expression.

Impact:

- **Enhanced Artistic Skills:** Pupils will demonstrate improved proficiency in various artistic techniques and mediums, leading to higher quality artwork and design projects.
- **Increased Engagement:** A structured and engaging curriculum will motivate pupils to participate actively in lessons, fostering a love for art and creativity.
- **Critical Thinking Development:** Through reflection and peer feedback, pupils will enhance their ability to think critically about their work and the work of others, leading to deeper artistic insights.
- **Stronger Communication Skills:** Pupils will develop the ability to articulate their artistic ideas and evaluations effectively, facilitating meaningful discussions about their work and the work of their peers.
- **Greater Inclusivity:** The inclusive nature of the curriculum will ensure that all pupils, regardless of background or ability, feel valued and capable of expressing their creativity.
- **Cultural Awareness:** Exposure to diverse artists and art movements will broaden pupils' perspectives, fostering empathy and appreciation for different cultures and viewpoints.

Ultimately, this approach will contribute to the holistic development of pupils, aligning with our values of inclusivity, innovation, and collaboration. The impact will be measured through pupil outcomes, engagement levels, and feedback from stakeholders, allowing us to continuously refine our Art curriculum to meet the evolving needs of our pupils.

Conclusion

In conclusion, our Art Policy reflects the principles of the Cornerstones curriculum, ensuring a comprehensive approach to art education that meets the diverse needs of our pupils. We foster an environment that values creativity and personal expression, aligning with our commitment to providing a 21st-century education.

This policy emphasises both technical proficiency and innovative thinking, nurturing critical skills while encouraging individuality in artistic expression. By integrating technology and contemporary practises, we engage pupils in meaningful learning experiences.

We recognise the importance of enhanced provision activities to cater to various learning styles, promoting an inclusive environment where every pupil can thrive. Our commitment to ongoing reflection and adaptation ensures that our practises remain relevant and effective.

Through this Art Policy, we aim to inspire a lifelong appreciation for the arts, equipping pupils with the confidence to express themselves and engage with the world. Together, we will cultivate a vibrant



artistic community that celebrates diversity, creativity, and collaboration, fully embracing the ethos of the Cornerstones curriculum.

